



# THE ORIGINAL California lawn

Consider reducing the size of your lawn and planting California native grasses or other drought-tolerant native plants.

## to mow...

### Traditional Home Lawn



Home lawns are great for running and playing outdoor games, but they require a lot of mowing, water, and other maintenance.

- Must be mowed 2-4 times each month
- Must be watered 1-3 times each week
- Frequent weeding and fertilizing
- Low diversity of plants

## or not to mow?

### California Native Grass Landscape



California native grass landscapes require much less mowing and water than a traditional lawn and help you connect to California's natural heritage at home.

- Only needs to be mowed or cut 1-2 times a year
- Only needs to be watered 1-2 times each month
- Periodic hand weeding and thinning
- High diversity of plants
- Well-adapted to the Central Valley's growing conditions and provides food for native wildlife

## Mary Wattis Brown Garden



The native grass meadow in front of you represents the grassland habitat that once covered much of California's Central Valley.

# THIS NATIVE PLANT IS A natural birdfeeder

Toyon's red berries attract winter birds to California gardens.



© Saxon Holt

Showy red berries last throughout the fall and winter. A yellow-berried form, 'Davis Gold,' originated at UC Davis.



© Ellen Zagory



© Thomas Cahill

Look for flocks of cedar waxwings and other birds feasting on toyon berries. Cedar waxwings migrate through Davis and the Central Valley during the fall and early winter.

## The "Holly" in Hollywood?

Toyon, also known as California holly, is common on the hillsides of California. Could it have inspired the naming of the city of Hollywood?

## Mary Wattis Brown Garden

Available for Purchase at UC Davis Arboretum Plant Sales

See our website for more information: <http://arboretum.ucdavis.edu> • Made possible by a grant from the Elvenia J. Slosson Foundation



Recommended for Central Valley gardens

### Toyon *Heteromeles arbutifolia*

PLANT TYPE  
shrub

HEIGHT  
8-15 ft.

WIDTH  
6-12 ft.

BLOOM COLOR  
small white flowers  
in clusters

BLOOM SEASON  
May-August

PLACEMENT  
full sun or part shade

WATER NEEDS  
deep watering once  
or twice a month

PRUNING NEEDS  
little to none

NATIVE TO  
Coast Ranges and  
foothills of the  
Sierra Nevada  
Mountains in  
California



# aromatherapy IN YOUR GARDEN

*Rub the leaves* of this white sage to activate its fragrant scent.  
*Do you like the smell?*



© Nikhil Joshi

California white sage's silvery leaves reflect sunlight and heat, reducing the plant's need for water. This silver color also adds a striking accent to a low-water garden.

People often like the smell of the aromatic oils found in sage leaves. These same oils actually repel hungry insects, making sages pest resistant.

Let the scent of sages enhance your garden experience.

Smell the leaves of other sages as you walk through the Arboretum to discover your favorite.

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Recommended for Central Valley gardens

**California white sage**  
*Salvia apiana*

**PLANT TYPE**  
shrub

**HEIGHT**  
3-5 ft.

**WIDTH**  
3-5 ft.

**BLOOM SEASON**  
April-May, white flowers

**PLACEMENT**  
full sun

**WATER NEEDS**  
deep watering once or twice a month

**PRUNING NEEDS**  
remove old flower stalks once a year

**NATIVE TO**  
coastal sage scrub and chaparral of southern California



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