

GO NATIVE

Switching to drought-tolerant plants is a great first step. Many nurseries offer a wide selection of native shrubs, trees, perennials, and grasses; talk to your nurseryman to find out what's best for your garden. Another water-savvy option: try beautiful plants from other dry regions, like Australia, the Mediterranean, and South Africa. For healthiest plants, aim to group them according to similar watering needs. This promotes healthy growth and root systems, and reduces the risk of over- or under-watering. To find out what works in your region, go to the Sunset Plant Finder (sunset.com/plantfinder) or saveourh2o.org.



Superstar natives



Bearberry

(Arctostaphylos uva-ursi) Hardy groundcover, with tiny pink flowers in spring, red to purple foliage in fall.

Baja Fairy Duster

(Calliandra californica) Native shrub grows to 5 ft.; puffy blooms are irresistible to hummingbirds.

Firecracker Penstemon

(Penstemon eatonii)
Perennial accent
plant grows to 3 ft.;
dazzling red flowers
bloom spring to early
summer.

Wild Lilac

(Ceanothus)
Wide range of sizes
(groundcover to tall
shrubs). Elegant flowers attract butterflies.

"I'm awestruck at how lush our garden is without any additional water." Anne Severs, Livermore

Scan the code to watch Ann's video

SHRINK YOUR LAWN

4 no turf options

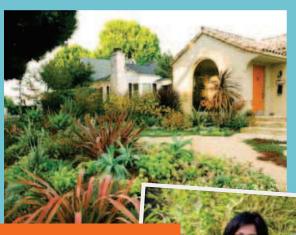
Combine easy-care, water-wise plants for a beautiful lawn-free garden. Look for drought-tolerant options, including:

- Native grasses
- Flowering perennials
- Succulents
- Hardy shrubs



Take a look at your yard. Do you really need that plot of water-guzzling lawn? Across California, lawns are the number-one consumer of residential water outdoors. Instead, try limiting turf to places where you really need it (like kids' play areas). Or try eliminating it altogether—it's the most effective way to reduce your outdoor water use (plus it gets you out of the mowing grind).

So be honest—if you don't use it, why not ditch it? Beautiful landscapes that replace turf with easy-care, drought-tolerant plants (see list, at left) will make you wonder why it took you so long to make the switch.



"I got rid of the grass—my water-wise garden is easy, it's beautiful, and we're saving water." Santosh Seeram-Santana, Sacramento



Scan the code to watch Santosh's video

4 EASY WAYS TO SAVE WATER

Water-saving devices can be surprisingly easy to get up and running, with almost immediate results.

1. Drip irrigation

Tiny emitters affixed to flexible tubing release water directly onto the soil, replacing water-wasting sprayers.

2. Smart controller

Monitors local weather conditions to adjust watering to match soil type and individual plant needs.

3. High-tech sprinklers

These devices reduce runoff and wind blow, making watering more efficient.

4. Rain shutoff

Simple device installs onto irrigation systems to automatically stop watering when it's raining.









TAP INTO NATURE

One of the easiest things you can do to reduce water use in your garden is to turn to nature for help.

compost Adding a generous (2- to 3-in.) layer of organic mulch around the base of plants helps cool soil, reduce evaporation, and inhibit water-thirsty weeds. Use readymade organic compost, or make your own out of garden clippings and other green waste collected in composting bins.

HARVEST RAINWATER Take advantage of what naturally falls from the sky. Simple landscape features, like dry creek beds and earthen berms, can direct water to your plants—rather than down the driveway. Another fun idea: install pleasing rain chains in place of traditional downspouts to guide water into cisterns (look for covered cistern designs with hose-friendly spigots for easy watering). Check garden supply stores and online sources for ideas and options.

"I love the amount of birds, butterflies and beneficial insects that come to my garden. It is a delightful thing to see everyday."

Ruth Saludes, Fresno

Scan the code to watch Ruth's video

TRY A PERMEABLE PATIO

Concrete is one of the most common backyard hardscapes. Yet concrete is impermeable, meaning rainwater can't soak naturally into the soil. Replacing concrete with 100-percent permeable or semi-permeable materials allows water to percolate into the soil, and to your plants' roots. Plus, these hardscapes add unique beauty to your backyard living space.

- STONE OR CONCRETE PAVERS Leave generous gaps between pavers. Plant ultra-low groundcover, like hardy creeping thyme, in gaps.
- STEPPINGSTONES
 OR PEA GRAVEL
 Use these in
 place of concrete
 or asphalt paths
- * DECOMPOSED GRANITE This material, often called DG, gives a warm, Mediterranean feel to an outdoor living space





A hint of water
Try these tricks to give
the illusion of water
without increasing
water use.

- Recirculating fountain
- Birdbath
- Dry creekbed
- Water jars and urns

"I made a change for myself, and if it inspires someone else then that's even better." Yaz Manley, San Marcos





MORE GREAT RESOURCES

YOUR LOCAL WATER AGENCY

Check websites for tips, news, and even grants for installing water-wise gardens.

NURSERIES & GARDEN-SUPPLY STORES

Knowledgeable staff can help you find plants and materials for your garden.

LOCAL COLLEGES

Many offer community classes in garden design, horticulture, and more.

SUNSET COM/PLANTEINDER

Excellent resource for drought-tolerant varieties and native plants.

SAVEOLIPH20 OPG

Downloadable guides, water-saving tips, water-conservation calculator, and other helpful tools from the California Department of Water Resources.

